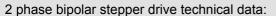


# EVER SW4A30xxC261-00 - Controller SW4A30xxM261-00 - Controller

## Installation instructions

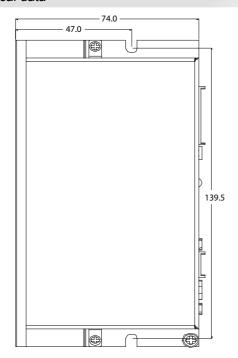


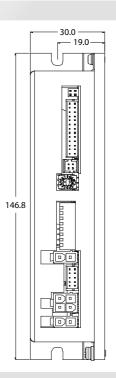
Refer to installation use and maintenance manual for more information. Available user manual at link http://www.everelettronica.it/manhw.html



- AC power supply: 18 ÷ 56 Vac
- DC logic supply: 24 Vdc (optional)
- Phase current : up to 4,5 Apeak (SW4A3032 serie) or up to 10 Apeak (SW4A3070 serie)
- · Chopper frequency: ultrasonic 40KHz
- Stepless Control Technology (65536 position per turn)
- · Protections against: over current, over/under voltage, overheating, short circuit between motor phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground
- Modbus (SW4A30xxM261-00) or Canbus (SW4A30xxC261-00) communication interfaces
- Encoder input (not isolated): 5V Differential (RS422) or 5V Single-Ended (TTL/CMOS) incremental encoder
- Encoder output (not isolated): 5V Differential (RS422)
- · Service SCI interface for programming and real time debugging
- 4 digital inputs (opto-coupled)
- 2 digital outputs (opto-coupled)
- · 2 analog inputs
- Dimensions: 146,8 x 74 x 30 mm (without connectors)
- · Protection degree: IP20
- · Pollution degree: 2
- · Category C3 following standard EN 61800-3
- Working temperature 5°C ÷ 40°C; Storage temperature -25°C ÷ 55°C
- Humidity: 5% ÷ 85% not condensing

#### Mechanical data



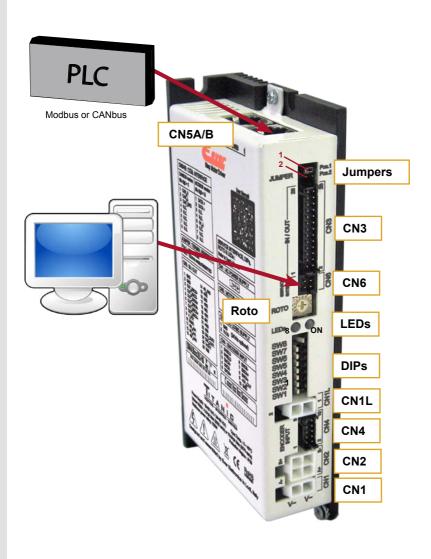




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## System connections

Connectors:





## System connection

#### CN1: Power supply

 2 positions, pitch 4.2mm double row, PCB header connector

 CN1.1
 ACin
 PWR\_IN
 AC power supply input

 CN1.2
 ACin
 PWR IN
 AC power supply input



#### CN2: Motor connection

4 positions, pitch 4.2mm double row, PCB header connector					
CN2.1	B/	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase	B/	
CN2.2	Α	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase	Α	
CN2.3	В	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase	В	
CN2.4	A/	PWR_OUT	Motor output phase	A/	
			_		



#### CN1L: Logic supply

2 positions, pitch 4.2mm double row, PCB header connector

CN1L.1 GND PWR\_IN Negative DC logic supply input

CN1L.2 VLOG PWR\_IN Positive DC logic supply input



#### CN4: Encoder input connection

10 positions, pitch 2mm double row, PCB header connector						
CN4.1	SHIELD	1	Cable shield connection			
CN4.2	SHIELD	1	Cable shield connection			
CN4.3	ENCZ+	DIG_IN	Encoder Zero input positive			
CN4.4	ENCZ-	DIG_IN	Encoder Zero input negative			
CN4.5	ENCB+	DIG_IN	Encoder phase B input positive			
CN4.6	ENCB-	DIG_IN	Encoder phase B input negative			
CN4.7	ENCA+	DIG_IN	Encoder phase A input postive			
CN4.8	ENCA-	DIG_IN	Encoder phase A input negative			
CN4.9	+5V	PWR-OUT	+5Vdc power supply output			
CN4.10	GND	PWR-OUT	Negative side of supply			
, <del>                                     </del>						



#### CN5A e CN5B: CANbus interface ("C" version)

RJ45, 8 positions shielded, PCB header connector				
CN5.1	CAN_H	DIGITAL_I/O	Bus line dominant HIGH	
CN5.2	CAN_L	DIGITAL_I/O	Bus line dominant LOW	
CN5.3	CAN_GND	PWR_OUT	Signal ground	
CN5.4	N.C.		Not connected	
CN5.5	N.C.		Not connected	
CN5.6	N.C.		Not connected	
CN5.7	N.C.		Not connected	
CN5.8	N.C.		Not connected	



#### CN3: Inputs and outputs

26 positions, pitch 2mm double row, PCB header connector					
CN3.1	GND	PWR_OUT	Reference ground for encoder		
CN3.2	GND	PWR_OUT	Reference ground for encoder		
CN3.3	OUT_ENCZ+	DIG_OUT	Encoder Zero output positive		
CN3.4	OUT_ENCZ-	DIG_OUT	Encoder Zero output negative		
CN3.5	OUT_ENCB+	DIG_OUT	Encoder phase B output positive		
CN3.6	OUT_ENCB-	DIG_OUT	Encoder phase B output negative		
CN3.7	OUT_ENCA+	DIG_OUT	Encoder phase A output positive		
CN3.8	OUT_ENCA-	DIG_OUT	Encoder phase A output negative		
CN3.9	V_POT	PWR_OUT	Voltage supply output for potentiometer		
CN3.10	AGND	PWR_OUT	Output negative reference for potentiometer		
CN3.11	+IN_AN1	AN_IN	Analog input 1 positive side		
CN3.12	-IN_AN1	AN_IN	Analog input 1 negative side		
CN3.13	+IN_AN0	AN_IN	Analog input 0 positive side		
CN3.14	-IN_AN0	AN_IN	Analog input 0 negative side		
CN3.15	+IN3	DIG_IN	Digital input 3 positive side		
CN3.16	-IN3	DIG_IN	Digital input 3 negative side		
CN3.17	+IN2	DIG_IN	Digital input 2 positive side		
CN3.18	-IN2	DIG_IN	Digital input 2 negative side		
CN3.19	+IN1	DIG_IN	Digital input 1 positive side		
CN3.20	-IN1	DIG_IN	Digital input 1 negative side		
CN3.21	+IN0	DIG_IN	Digital input 0 positive side		
CN3.22	-INO	DIG_IN	Digital input 0 negative side		
CN3.23	DIG_OUT0	DIG_OUT	PNP digital output OUT0		
CN3.24	DIG_OUT1	DIG_OUT	PNP digital output OUT1		
CN3.25	V-OUT	PWR_IN	24Vdc supply for digital output		
CN3.26	VSS	PWR_IN	Negative input supply for digital output		
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 25					

CINO. SEI	vice Sci ilite	ilace			
4 position	4 positions, pitch 2mm double row, PCB header connector				
CN6.1	TX/RX	Transmit / Receive Line			
CN6.2	DE/RE	Drive Enable Negated / Receive Enable			
CN6.3	+5V	+5V power out			
CN6.4	GND	DNG power out			



## CN5A e CN5B: Modbus interface ("M" version) RJ45, 8 positions shielded, PCB header connector

CN5.1	Data +	DIGITAL_I/O	Positive RS485 signal
CN5.2	Data -	DIGITAL_I/O	Negative RS485 signal
CN5.3	N.C.		Not connected
CN5.4	N.C.		Not connected
CN5.5	0V_A	PWR_OUT	Signal ground
CN5.6	N.C.		Not connected
CN5.7	N.C.		Not connected
CN5.8	N.C.		Not connected



## Dip-Switches and Jumper settings

Node ID selection							
SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	Node ID#
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Not allowed
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	1 (defalut)
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	2
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	3
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	4
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	5
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	6
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	7
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	127

U0 Software defined					
SW1					
ON					
OFF	X (default				

Jumpers				
Position Termination resistor				
1	120 ohm resistor NOT inserted (default)			
2	120 ohm resistor INSERTED			



NOTE: the device reads the Dip-Switches only during the power up.

If it's necessary a setting change, shut down the system, change the settings and start up the system again to make the changes operating.

#### Roto-Switches settings

Modbus version						
Position	Baud rate	Position	Option			
0	115200	8	Reserved			
1 (default)	57600	9	Reserved			
2	38400	Α	Reserved			
3	19200	В	Reserved			
4	9600	С	Reserved			
5	4800	D	Reserved			
6	2400	E	Reserved			
7	1200	F	Reserved			

CANbus version						
Position	Baud rate	Position	Option			
0	1M	8	Reserved			
1 (default)	500K	9	Reserved			
2	250K	Α	Reserved			
3	125K	В	Reserved			
4	100K	С	Reserved			
5	50K	D	Reserved			
6	50K	E	Reserved			
7	50K	F	Reserved			



NOTE: the device reads the Roto-Switches only during the power up.

If it's necessary a setting change, shut down the system, change the settings and start up the system again to make the changes operating.

## Working Status (Led)

Visualization status		alization status	Description
1		Green ON	Bus status 'Operational' (CANopen) or Communication Active with Master (Modbus)
2	0	Green Blinking (1s)	Bus status 'Pre-Operational' (CANopen) or No-Communication with Master (Modbus)
3	•	Blue ON	Error: connect with Service SCI kit and check with software
4	• •	Blue ON and Yellow ON	Drive in boot mode. A new firmware should be downloaded to drive
5	• •	Blue ON and Yellow Blinking (200ms)	Firmware update in progress. Do not power off the drive until the update process is completed
6	• •	Blue ON Red Blinking (200ms)	Initialization phase. Should last few seconds. While in this condition the drive is not fully operational
7	00	Yellow ON Red OFF Blue OFF	Missing setting of Inominal
8	000	Yellow Blinking (200ms) Red OFF Blue OFF	Warning : connect with Service SCI kit and check with software
9		Red ON	Protection: Motor is in open phase condition
10	0	Red Blinking (200ms)	Current protection
11	• •	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 1 Blink	Overvoltage protection
12	• • •	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 2 Blink	Undervoltage protection
13	●○○○	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 3 Blink	Thermal protection
14	●○○○○	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 4 Blink	Motor Feedback Error
15	●000000	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 6 Blink	Motor Current Regulation is out of range
16	•0000000	Red ON (1sec) + Yellow 7 Blink	eePLC User Protection (generated by setting bit #0 of eePLC_User_Settings)



NOTE: Drive could be considered in a correct status if leds Red, Yellow and Blue are all OFF. In general:

- Led Blue indicates a software internal fault or a non-operative condition
- · Led Red indicates an alarm or a drive protection
- Led Yellow indicates a warning

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#### Service SCI connection



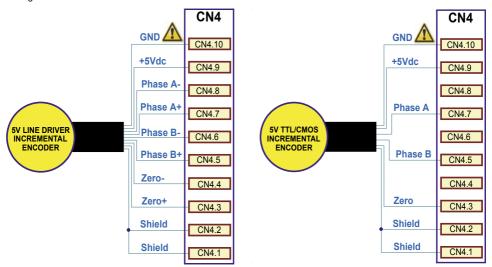
This connection is <u>only</u> possible with hardware and software provided by Ever. Kit code: SW4\_SERV00-SL or SW4-SERV00-EE.



#### **Encoder input connection**

Electrically NOT-isolated digital inputs:

- Differential 5Vdc that meet the RS422 standard
- Single-Ended 5Vdc TTL/CMOS



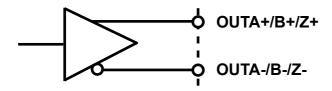
Maximum suplpy current 100 mA.



GND is internally in common with power ground, this is potentially dangerous. Take all necessary measures to avoid possible contacts in the final installation.

#### Encoder output connection

Differential 5Vdc (electrically NOT-isolated) digital inputs that meet the RS422 standard.





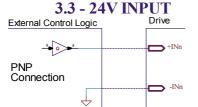
GND is internally in common with power ground, this is potentially dangerous. Take all necessary measures to avoid possible contacts in the final installation.

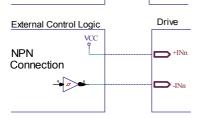
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## Digital inputs connection



Differential PNP, NPN and Line Driver type.

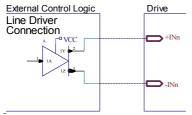




Characteristics	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Supply voltage	2 (1)	24	Vdc
Inputs frequency		1	Mhz
Threshold switching voltage	1.61 <sup>(1)</sup>		Vdc
Current at 2 Vdc		2.53	mA
Current at 3.3 Vdc		5.84	mA
Current at 5 Vdc		6.28	mA
Current at 24 Vdc	-	8.75	mA

(1) N.B.: it's recommended to use 24 Vdc digital inputs only in differential Line-Driver configuration to have more noise immunity.

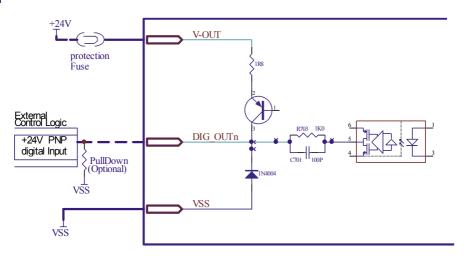
## 2 - 24V INPUT



## Digital outputs connection



Digital outputs are PNP with Voutmax = 24 Vdc, Ioutmax = 100 mA,  $F_{max} = 500 \text{ Khz}$ .

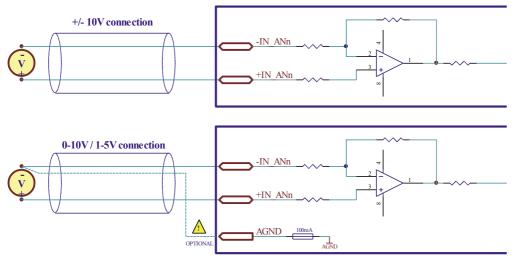


## Analog inputs connection



The resolution of the analog inputs depends from the type of the connection wihch could be defined by software: differential or potentiometer.

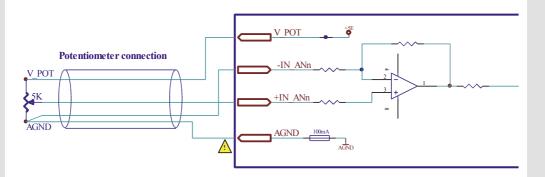
#### **DIFFERENTIAL CONNECTION**





The connection from an external reference and AGND should be preceded by a thorough risk analysis of the machine/circuit in which the drive will be installed.

#### POTENTIOMETER CONNECTION





AGND is internally in common with power ground, this is potentially dangerous. Take all necessary measures to avoid possible contacts in the final installation.

#### Mating connectors

Connector	Description
CN1	Molex 39-01-2025
CN1L	Molex 39-01-2025
CN2	Molex 39-01-2045
CN3	Hirose DF11-26DS-2C
CN4	Hirose DF11-10DS-2C
CN5A / CN5B	RJ45, 8 positions

#### Section of the cables

Function	Cable		
	Minimum	Maximum	
Power supply and PE	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	1.3 mm² (AWG16)	
Motor outputs	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG20)	1.3 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG16)	
Encoder input	0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG28)	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG24)	
Inputs and Outputs	0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG28)	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG24)	
Communication interfaces	0.25 mm² (AWG23) CANbus CiA Canopen	0.25 mm² (AWG23) CANbus CiA Canopen	

## Verify the installation

- Check all connection: power supply and inputs/outputs.
- Make sure all settings right for the application.
- Make sure the power supply is suitable for the drive.
- If possible, remove the load from the motor shaft to avoid that wrong movements cause damage.
- Enable the current to the motor and verify the applied torque.
- Enable a movement of some steps and verify if the rotation direction is the desired one.
- Disconnect the power supply, connect the load on the motor and check the full functionality.

#### Analysis of malfunctions



When any of the following situations occur, the drive is placed in a fault condition.

DEFECT	CAUSE	ACTION		
Intervention of the themal protection.	Can be caused by a heavy working cycle or a high current in the motor.	Improve the drive cooling by a natural or fan air flow. Consider to use a motor with a higher torque vs current rating.		
Intervention of the current protection.	Short circuit on the motor powering stage(s) of the drive.	Check motor windings and cables to remove the short circuits replacing faulty cables or motor if necessary.		
Intervention of the over/under voltage protection	Supply voltage out of range.	Check the value for the supply voltage.		
Open phase motor protection.	Motor windings to drive not proper connection.	Check motor cables and connections to the drive.		



When any of the following situations occur, the drive doesn't work and isn't placed in an error condition.

DEFECT	CAUSE	ACTION
Noisy motor movement with vibrations.	Can be caused by a lack of power supply to a phase of the motor or a poor regulation of the winding currents.	Check the cables and connections of the motor and/or change the motor speed to avoid a resonance region.
The external fuse on the power supply of the drive is burned.	Can be caused by a wrong connection of the power supply.	Connect the power supply correctly and replace the fuse.
At high speed, the motor torque is not enough.	Can be due to a 'self-limitation' of motor current and torque.	Increase the motor current (always within the limits), increase the supply voltage, change motor connection from series to parallel.

**EVER Elettronica** Via del Commercio, 2/4 - 9/11 ELETTRONICA the clever drive

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